Inequalities in education achievement pre COVID19

Large gaps in education achievement by socio-economic background

Gaps emerge early and widen

Investment in skill is complementary through time (Cunha and Heckman, 2008)
Inequalities in education achievement

Crawford et al. 2016
Impact of COVID19

Learning loss is going to be substantial for some (work with Simon Burgess)

3 months of remote schooling might result in test scores being 6% SD lower (Burgess and Sieverston, 2020)
Impact of COVID19

Lockdown will widen inequalities

- Household income matters to student achievement (see coronavirusandtheeconomy.com)
- Resources (time, knowledge and money) key to remote schooling
- Rapid review by EEF (2020) suggests median estimate of widening of gap is 36% (plausible range 11-75%)
Impact of COVID19

Low income students will struggle to transition to Further Education and Higher Education

Credit constraints – state support insufficient for poorest students to continue in education

• Students disproportionately work in sectors that are hardest hit (IFS, 2020)
Impact of COVID19

Same difficult economic conditions going to hit those cohorts trying to leave education

• Scarring from early spells of long unemployment
• Low skilled non graduate group most at risk
• Graduates will not be immune
Degree earnings premia by subject: men

Belfield et al. 2018
Mitigate learning loss
  • Open schools
  • One to one and small group interventions targeted at those with greatest loss

Increase subsidises where market failure is evident (e.g. those facing credit constraints)

Focus where social return exceeds private return
  • Including education/training that leads to some key occupations

Minimise scarring from trying to enter a labour market during a recession
  • Investment to shelter youth from labour market – particularly lower skilled


